

Chapter 26 Quiz

- 1) The social and economic effects of the Depression
 - A) lasted only a few months past 1929.
 - B) came to light only gradually.
 - C) were harsh only in the case of the lower classes.
 - D) hit the middle class especially hard.
 - E) impacted only the wealthier classes.

- 2) Hoover believed that unemployment relief would
 - A) be in accord with previous government policies during economic crises.
 - B) be a sign of weakness.
 - C) bring about inflation.
 - D) be the most beneficent if it came from private charities.
 - E) promote domestic unrest.

- 7) Which of the following was NOT a program of the Hoover administration to ameliorate the Depression?
 - A) Agricultural Adjustment Act
 - B) Federal Farm Board
 - C) Reconstruction Finance Corporation
 - D) White House business conferences
 - E) Boulder Dam Project

- 4) Hoover's response to the Depression could best be described as
 - A) bumbling and uncertain.
 - B) socialistically radical.
 - C) innovative and adaptive.
 - D) humanitarian and pragmatic.
 - E) restrained and cautious.

- 5) The Hundred Days refers to
 - A) the final days of the Hoover administration.
 - B) the worst period of the Great Depression.
 - C) the last three months of the 1932 campaign.
 - D) the period between Roosevelt's election and his inauguration.
 - E) the period immediately after Roosevelt's first inauguration.

- 6) During the Hundred Days, Roosevelt did all of the following, except
 - A) create the Agricultural Adjustment Act.
 - B) propose government ownership of major industries.
 - C) institute the Tennessee Valley Authority.
 - D) close all the banks.
 - E) call a special session of Congress.

- 7) The National Recovery Administration sought to promote economic recovery by
 - A) eliminating all taxes.
 - B) reducing corporate taxes.
 - C) experimenting with national economic planning.
 - D) restoring competition.
 - E) implementing classical economic theory.

- 8) Which of the following New Deal programs did the Supreme Court declare unconstitutional?
 - A) Tennessee Valley Authority
 - B) Civilian Conservation Corps
 - C) Commodity Credit Corporation
 - D) Civil Works Administration
 - E) National Recovery Administration

- 9) Under the Agricultural Adjustment Act, the federal government paid subsidies to farmers who
 - A) donated their surplus to the urban unemployed.
 - B) ceased all production.
 - C) increased their output.
 - D) reduced their crop production.
 - E) bought more efficient equipment and fertilizers.

- 10) Franklin D. Roosevelt's initial New Deal legislation was surprisingly
 - A) unsuccessful.
 - B) inflationary.
 - C) liberal.
 - D) radical.
 - E) conservative.

- 11) "Share the Wealth" was the scheme of
 - A) Huey Long.
 - B) Harold Ickes.
 - C) Eleanor Roosevelt.
 - D) Father Coughlin.
 - E) Francis Townsend.

- 12) The most significant New Deal reform enacted in 1935 was the
 - A) Agricultural Adjustment Act.
 - B) Social Security Act.
 - C) National Industrial Relations Act.
 - D) National Labor Relations Act.
 - E) Tennessee Valley Authority.

13) Which one of the following acts finally protected labor's right to organize, collectively bargain, and strike?

- A) NRA
- B) AAA
- C) CIO
- D) Wagner Act
- E) Social Security Act

14) Which New Deal agency was designed to help American artists?

- A) WPA
- B) NRA
- C) PWA
- D) NLRA
- E) CCC

15) The New Deal lasted

- A) two years.
- B) three years.
- C) six years.
- D) five years.
- E) four years.